1	PHARMACY DISTRIBUTION AMENDMENTS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
5	House Sponsor: Bradley M. Daw
5 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act, by amending the
)	definition of a cosmetic drug.
1	Highlighted Provisions:
2	This bill:
3	amends the definition of a "cosmetic drug;"
1	 states that the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing shall consult
)	with the Utah State Board of Pharmacy and the Online, Prescribing, Dispensing,
Ó	and Facilitation Board to adopt administrative rules to regulate:
,	 labeling, record keeping, patient counseling, and storage requirements; and
,	 which prescription drugs may be dispensed as a cosmetic drug or weight loss
)	drug without licensure;
)	 states that an individual who violates a provision of the section may be subject to
1	discipline under the Online Prescribing, Dispensing, and Facilitation Act; and
2	makes technical changes.
3	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
ļ	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
,	Utah Code Sections Affected:



AMENDS: 58-17b-309 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 76
Ĥ→ <u>58-83-502</u> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 180 ←Ĥ
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 58-17b-309 is amended to read:
58-17b-309. Exemptions from licensure.
(1) For purposes of this section:
(a) "Cosmetic drug":
(i) means a prescription drug that is:
(A) for the purpose of promoting attractiveness or altering the appearance of an
individual; and
(B) listed as a cosmetic drug subject to the exemption under this section by the division
by administrative rule[; and] or has been expressly approved for online dispensing, whether or
not it is dispensed online or through a physician's office; and
(ii) does not include a prescription drug that is:
(A) a controlled substance; $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
(B) compounded by the physician $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] \leftarrow \hat{S}$; or $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ (C) prescribed or used for the patient for the purpose of diagnosing, curing
$\hat{S} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ [mitigating,
treating,] $\hat{S} \rightarrow \{ \leftarrow \hat{S} \text{ or preventing a disease. } \hat{S} \rightarrow [\}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
(b) "Injectable weight loss drug":
(i) means an injectable prescription drug:
(A) prescribed to promote weight loss; and
(B) listed as an injectable prescription drug subject to exemption under this section by
the division by administrative rule; and
(ii) does not include a prescription drug that is a controlled substance.
(c) "Prescribing practitioner" means an individual licensed under:
(i) Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, as an advanced practice registered nurse with
prescriptive practice;
(ii) Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
(iii) Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
(iv) Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act.

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(2) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following individuals may engage in the acts or practices described in this section without being licensed under this chapter:(a) a person selling or providing contact lenses in accordance with Section 58-16a-801;

- (b) an individual engaging in the practice of pharmacy technician under the direct personal supervision of a pharmacist while making satisfactory progress in an approved program as defined in division rule;
- (c) a prescribing practitioner who prescribes and dispenses a cosmetic drug or an injectable weight loss drug to the prescribing practitioner's patient in accordance with Subsection (4); and
- (d) an optometrist, as defined in Section 58-16a-102, acting within the optometrist's scope of practice as defined in Section 58-16a-601, who prescribes and dispenses a cosmetic drug to the optometrist's patient in accordance with Subsection (4).
- (3) In accordance with Subsection 58-1-303(1)(a), an individual exempt under Subsection (2)(b) must take all examinations as required by division rule following completion of an approved curriculum of education, within the required time frame. This exemption expires immediately upon notification of a failing score of an examination, and the individual may not continue working as a pharmacy technician even under direct supervision.
- (4) A prescribing practitioner or optometrist is exempt from licensing under the provisions of this part if the prescribing practitioner or optometrist:
- (a) (i) writes a prescription for a drug the prescribing practitioner or optometrist has the authority to dispense under Subsection (4)(b); and
 - (ii) informs the patient:

- (A) that the prescription may be filled at a pharmacy or dispensed in the prescribing practitioner's or optometrist's office;
 - (B) of the directions for appropriate use of the drug;
 - (C) of potential side-effects to the use of the drug; and
- (D) how to contact the prescribing practitioner or optometrist if the patient has questions or concerns regarding the drug;
- (b) dispenses a cosmetic drug or injectable weight loss drug only to the prescribing practitioner's patients or for an optometrist, dispenses a cosmetic drug only to the optometrist's

90	patients;	and

- (c) follows labeling, record keeping, patient counseling, and storage requirements established by administrative rule adopted by the division in consultation with the boards listed in Subsection (5)(a).
- (5) (a) The division, in consultation with the board under this chapter[7] and the relevant professional board, including the Physician Licensing Board, the Osteopathic Physician Licensing Board, the Physician Assistant Licensing Board, the Board of Nursing, [and] the Optometrist Licensing Board, or the Online Prescribing, Dispensing, and Facilitation Board, shall adopt administrative rules pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act to designate:
- (i) the prescription drugs that may be dispensed as a cosmetic drug or weight loss drug under this section; and
 - (ii) the requirements under Subsection (4)(c).
- (b) When making a determination under Subsection (1)(a), the division and boards listed in Subsection (5)(a), may consider any federal Food and Drug Administration indications or approval associated with a drug when adopting a rule to designate a prescription drug that may be dispensed under this section.
- (c) The division may inspect the office of a prescribing practitioner or optometrist who is dispensing under the provisions of this section, in order to determine whether the prescribing practitioner or optometrist is in compliance with the provisions of this section. If a prescribing practitioner or optometrist chooses to dispense under the provisions of this section, the prescribing practitioner or optometrist consents to the jurisdiction of the division to inspect the prescribing practitioner's or optometrist's office and determine if the provisions of this section are being met by the prescribing practitioner and optometrist.
- (d) If a prescribing practitioner or optometrist violates a provision of this section, the prescribing practitioner or optometrist may be subject to discipline under:
 - (i) this chapter; and
- (ii) (A) Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act;
- (B) Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
- (C) Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
- 120 (D) Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; [or]

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121	(E) Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act[:]; or
122	(F) Chapter 83, Online Prescribing, Dispensing, and Facilitation Act.
123	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), this section does not restrict or limit the
124	scope of practice of an optometrist or optometric physician licensed under Chapter 16a, Utah
125	Optometry Practice Act.
125a	Ĥ→ Section 2. Section 58-83-502 is amended to read:
125b	58-83-502. Unprofessional conduct.
125c	"Unprofessional conduct" includes, in addition to the definition in Section 58-1-501 and as may
125d	be further defined by administrative rule:
125e	(1) online prescribing, dispensing, or facilitation with respect to a person under the age of 18
125f	years;
125g	(2) using the name or official seal of the state, the Utah Department of Commerce, or the Utah
125h	Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing, or their boards, in an unauthorized manner;
125i	(3) failing to respond promptly to a request by the division for information including:
125j	(a) an audit of the website; or
125k	(b) records of the online prescriber, the Internet facilitator, or the online contract pharmacy;
1251	(4) using an online prescriber, online contract pharmacy, or Internet facilitator without
125m	approval of the division;
125n	(5) failing to inform a patient of the patient's freedom of choice in selecting who will dispense a
125o	prescription in accordance with Subsection 58-83-305(1)(n); [and]
125p	(6) failing to keep the division informed of the name and contact information of the Internet
125q	facilitator or online contract pharmacy [:] ; and
125r	(7) violating the dispensing and labeling requirements of Section 58-17b-309. ←Ĥ

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel